Name of **Involved** parties Time Scope – area of interest Conclusion / project period links Five upper decks in FRP composite on hypothetical Panamax cruise vessel. An extension of the LASS-C (part 9 parties 2008-2012 LASS project to consider elements which are part of the hull girder, affecting the ship's global of BESST) -Norwe-gian strength. Future CETENA (Italy) and 10 Sept. 2009 Introduction of High Strength Low Alloyed Steels (HSLA) in specific structural details, and MOSAIC replacement of specific structural parts of the ship with composite materials to reduce weight partners from 6 European – Sept. 2015 and corrosion. Special emphasis on steel to composite joints. countries Developing a novel, effective repair/reinforcement method (Composite patching) for defects in 15 organisation from eight Co-Patch Jan 2010 -Dec. 2012 large steel structures to prevent crack growth and extend lifetime of the repaired structure. European countries E-LASS 140 international Promote the use of lightweight materials and lightweight design in the maritime industry. Sept. 2005 organisations from academia, present research, centres, ship Outcome is a number of internationally type approved solutions for both fire rated divisions owners, classifications and "fire restricting" requirements. societies, shipyards, suppliers and service providers.dd Re-design five existing vessels and one offshore living guarter using new lightweight composite 29 organisations LASS Jan. 2005 – June and aluminium materials. 2008 DBI, DTU, Niels Hjørnet Composite superstructure on a large passenger ship COMPASS 2014-2015 and 9 companies Dec. 2010-Eco-Island MARKIS, Kockums, AAU, SP Regulation 17 risk assessment, LCA, and LCCA on a fictive small island ferry made in carbon Sweden, DMA, Swedish July 2013 fibre sandwich composite. ferry Transport Agency, 2 others. E-ferry Aro municipality, Siemens, Real electric battery driven ferry looking at the possibility of making certain parts of the ship in June 2015 DNV-GL, DMA, CERTH, DBI, composite - structural analysis, design and effects – June JKR Consult, Søby 2019 Shipyard, Tuco Shipyard. FIRE RESIST 18 partners from 9 Validate and improve the fire performance of composite materials by developing new concepts Feb. 2011for composite materials that are both lightweight and fire-resisting. Jan. 2015 European countries To establish a risk-based regulatory framework that links performance prediction with risk SAFEDOR Managed by GL and joined Feb. 2005 assessment. Application of probability and reliability-based approaches and methods in ship by 53 partners from the – April European maritime 2009 design. Presents modern risk-based methods and applications to ship design, operation and regulation. Reference to Goal-based standards/regulation. industry

Appendix III - Table overview of developing projects

De-Light	19 European partners	Nov. 2006	Investigate and promote the design, manufacturing and use of lightweight sandwich structures	
Transport		– Nov.	in the marine, rail and freight container industries. Design and manufacturing of prototype	
		2009	structures including deck and deckhouse structures for ships by use of risk-based design	
			principles to comply with existing regulatory frameworks.	
BESST	Leading EU shipyards, 20 research institutions and universities, five class societies, and 31 industrial companies.	Sept. 2009 – March 2013	Increase competitiveness of European built ships through decreased life cycle cost, drastically reduced environmental impact and improved safety. Focus on cruise vessels, passenger ships, ferries (Ro-Pax) and mega yachts.	
Convince	Military project including 26 partners from France, Italy, Netherlands, Sweden, Norway and the United Kingdom	2012- Sept. 2014	The Convince project assessed the potential use of composites in naval structures. The core investigations of the Convince project were structural materials selection for improved fire performance, proposal of fire risk control options, small coupon tests for fire, physical and mechanical properties, fragmentation tests, medium and large scale fire and blast tests on representative structure, together with simulations of fire and blast events. Weight and cost-effectiveness for enhanced performance are considerations that have informed all activities throughout the project.	<u>Link</u>
Tank Light Module		2011	50% weight reduction on tanker by replacement of superstructure with FRP and payback time of 5-7 years.	link
saNDI	Military project including Ministries of Defence from Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Finland and the United Kingdom.	2001-2004	Methods to detect defects and damage in sandwich structures and how to deal with defects and damages that have been detected. Develop methods for repair, production control and damage inspection for sandwich structures in naval ships. Improve knowledge of how defects grow in sandwich structures under loading. Establish acceptance criteria in terms of weather and when a damage or defect should be repaired.	See two articles on Dropbox
EUCLID (3 projects)	24 industrial entities from six countries.	1900'ies	Look at reliable, durable, lightweight and affordable technologies for composite structures for application in major naval ships. Also looked at survivability and structural vulnerability to internal blast. Focus was on a frigate with glass fibre (GRP) composite superstructure and steel hull.	Link
Sand.core	15 partners from Europe	Jan. 2004 - June 2006	SAND.CORe aims to foster the application of innovative sandwich structures in the European transport sector. This will be done by benchmarking, harmonising and complementing previous research work and evaluating state-of-the-art knowledge and experiences. The overall objective of the project is to boost the applications of sandwich structures in several transport sectors. As a consequence of non-coordinated research, the general knowledge about the sandwich panels is widespread over the industry and other parties (research, classification societies, suppliers, shipyards). Therefore, there is the need to co-ordinate research, to conduct knowledge transfer and foster the application of various types of sandwich structures. Moreover, the current knowledge on different sandwich types varies, some are quite completely known (e.g. composite sandwich panels), while for others, like metallic sandwich panels, a lack of knowledge in several aspects still exists. The parties that are supposed to apply	Link

			sandwich systems, particularly shipyards, are insufficiently familiar with the characteristics of sandwich structures and their integration in ship design and fabrication to apply them to the extent desirable.	
SURSHIP- FIRE	Leader was VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland	2007 – 2009	Survivability of ships in case of fire has been studied in the SURSHIP-FIRE research project as a part of the SURSHIP cooperation, a coordinated European research program on Maritime safety. The work was performed in four subprojects related to materials used in shipbuilding, fire hazards on board, ship structures, and evacuation in ship conditions.	Link and final report on Dropbox
			Fire test data of products commonly used in shipbuilding were stored to a free-of-charge accessible database for the use of design engineers. Guidelines were defined for using fire test data in simulation and product development.	
TrailerCat??				
CARGO EXPRESS		Around 2010-2012	Sustainable Maritime Transport looking at a competitive container vessel with 60 % less fuel consumption. Presents an innovative solution for a sustainable and competitive cargo vessel with composite surfaces.	Link and article on Dropbox
FLIGHT (Fast Light Hull Technology)	7 partners mainly from the Netherlands	Before 2009	Integrate the fragmented knowledge of composite material suppliers in a well ordered and usable form for the ship/boat designer and builder. Also looked at new material technology and structural joint solutions capable to withstand impact and cyclic loads, and more efficient production process.	Article on Dropbox

Network:

Composite Superstructure Concept (CSC) by Kockums AB, DIAB and Thermal Ceramics